Nimipuutimt Volume 4

44:25 minutes:

- 1.) Nez Perce Language Pledge
- 2.) Nez Perce Leadership Slogan
- 3.) ABC's
- 4.) Kinship Terms
- 5.) Wildlife Ungulates

- 6.) Wildlife-Rodents & Kin 11.) Wildlife-Reptiles
- 7.) Wildlife Carnivores
- 12.) Wildlife-Domestic Animals
- 8.) Wildlife-Birds
- 13.) Earth Terms

- 9.) Wildlife-Insects
- 14.) Plants.
- 10.) Wildlife-Fish/other aquatics

1 By Vera Sonneck 2 by Vera & Angel Sobotta (static, but audible) 3 by Vera Sonneck & Bessie Scott 4 by Vera Sonneck & Angel Sobotta (static, but audible) 5-14 by Vera Sonneck & Angel Sobotta Recorded 7-24-04 Nez Perce Tribe©

Nimipuutimt – The People's Language (Nez Perce)

(In the parenthesis below is the sign-language that goes with the pledge.)

cukwenéewit, Know it

(With your right index finger point to the side of your head, by your right temple.)

hitéemeneewit, Learn it

(With both hands, reach out with palms facing up and pull in towards body, closing palms.)

téecukwe, Teach it

(With both hands, throw palms out in front of you like you are giving away something.)

c'ixnéewit, Speak it

(With right hand, up to the mouth and hand rounded, throw hand out, palm open.)

titooqanáawit, Live it

(With right hand, tap heart twice.)

wiyéeleeheyn, Everyday!

(With both arms and hands, extend them out to each side, palms up, so that you bring them out for sunrise and in for sunset.)

*Pledge revised by Angel Sobotta 6-23-05

Nez Perce Leadership Slogan

nimîipuu mimiyóoxat hic'îiqteenix

Nez Perce leaders speak

tim'néepkinix

from the heart

hiwsiix qa'ánin',

They are respectable or have good character

wiwéepcux, wiwáaq'is 'ewsîix néekt,

Intelligence, Healthy mind,

ciláakt kaa hewléexhewlex

body and spirit.

kúnk'u 'imama'hináq'in hiwsîix

Always ready to be of service

wapáyatat'as nimiipuu titóoqapx.

to their Nez Perce people.

^{*5-12-04} Revised by Adult Class

Nimipuutimt Spelling System:

- $\hat{\mathbf{a}} = \text{short } \underline{\mathbf{a}} \text{ sounds like the } \underline{\mathbf{a}} \text{'s in } \underline{\mathbf{Da}} \text{kot} \underline{\mathbf{a}}. \text{ Ex: } \underline{\mathbf{ha}} \text{ham} \text{men.}$
- $\dot{a}a = long \mathbf{a}$ sounds like the \mathbf{a} in $h\mathbf{a}$ ll or $p\mathbf{a}$ w. Ex: $t\mathbf{a}\mathbf{a}$ msas Wild Rose
- $\acute{e} = \text{short } \underline{e} \text{ sounds like the } \underline{e} \text{ in } \underline{e} \text{cho. Ex: } \widehat{\text{siwe}} \text{ forehead.}$
- ée = long $\underline{\mathbf{e}}$ sounds like the $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ in wack. Ex: wéeptes golden eagle.
- $i = \text{short } \underline{i} \text{ sounds like the } \underline{i} \text{ in } \underline{i} \text{t. Ex: } t\underline{\hat{i}} \text{t} \text{tooth.}$
- ii = long i sounds like the e's in bee. Ex: piips bones
- o = short $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ sounds like the $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ in $\underline{\mathbf{pot}}$ ato & Arapah $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$. Ex: $\underline{\mathbf{toh}}$ hon pants.
- óo = long $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ sounds like the $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ in $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ h, t $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ ne. Long $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ doesn't glide into a $\underline{\mathbf{w}}$. Ex: s $\underline{\mathbf{oo}}$ yáap $\underline{\mathbf{oo}}$ Euro American
- $\mathbf{u} = \text{short } \mathbf{u} \text{ sounds like the } \mathbf{u} \text{ in } \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u} \text{t and } \mathbf{loo} \mathbf{k}. \text{ Ex: } \mathbf{sil} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{eye}.$
- $\dot{\mathbf{u}} = \log \mathbf{u}$ sounds like the bold in $\mathbf{p}\underline{\mathbf{o}}$ or thr $\mathbf{o}\mathbf{u}\mathbf{g}\mathbf{h}$. Ex: $\mathbf{h}\underline{\dot{\mathbf{u}}}$ sus head
- aw = sounds <u>close</u>, <u>but not exactly the same as</u> the <u>ow</u> in t<u>ow</u>el. Ex: <u>law</u>tiwaa friend.
- ay = sounds like the bold in mine or pie. Ex: tamtáayn-news or ayn-news or a
- eey = sounds like the word "Aye". Ex: Méeywi morning.
- ew = sounds <u>close</u>, <u>but not exactly the same as</u> the <u>ow</u> in t<u>ow</u>el. Ex: t<u>ew</u>likt tree.
- c = sounds like the <u>ts</u> in "hi<u>ts</u>". Ex: <u>c</u>îi<u>c</u>yele purple.
- I = Special **l** sound. Put the tip of the tongue on the roof of mouth & when trying to say the "l" sound, air comes out of the sides of the mouth. Ex: **l**éep**l**ep Butterfly.
- q = The "back $\underline{\mathbf{k}}$ " sounds <u>close</u>, <u>but not exactly the same as</u> the $\underline{\mathbf{k}}$ in $\underline{\mathbf{k}}$ etchup. Ex: $\underline{\mathbf{q}}$ éhep-bobcat. *There is no English sound equivalent to a q*.
- \hat{x} = The uvular or "back" \underline{x} . It is formed much like the soft \underline{x} , but farther back in the mouth. Ex: túu \hat{x} -
- x =The same as the above. The x is an updated font which will be used in the future.
- ' = the glottal stop, for popping & stopping sounds. Say the word <u>That</u> like <u>Tha</u>', you cut it off, it's a half consonant, like "<u>Uh</u> oh!" Ex: wáaqo'- now.

<u>Consonants that Pop and Creak</u>: p'-'ilp'ilp red, t'-mit'ip elderberry, k'-sik'em horse, c'-c'éew'cew ghost, q'-ciq'aamqal dog, m'-tim'ine heart, n'-tin'uun male mountain sheep, w'-w'aaw'a fish hook, y' tiy'et laughter, l' hamól'ic cute.

Letters not included in the niminuutimt snelling system: R. D. F. G. I. R. V. 7. PEVISED 8-21-07

Kinship Terms:

"All our relations"	'óykaloo núunim	himyúume
"This is my family"	kîi hîiwes 'îinim	nexce'éce
Father	(refer to him as)	pîst
Dad	(address him as)	tóota'
Paternal grandpa	(refer to him as)	qaláca'c
Paternal grandpa	(address him as)	qaláca'
Paternal grandma	(refer to her as)	'éele'c
Paternal grandma	(address her as)	'éele'
Paternal uncle	(refer to him as)	pîimî
Paternal uncle	(address him as)	méqe'
Paternal aunt	(refer to her as)	pîisis
Paternal aunt	(address her as)	cîica'
older brother/older male cousin (males & females, refer to him as) pîiyep		
older bro/older male cuz	(males & females, address him as)	yáaca'
younger brother/younger male cousin (males, refer to him as)		'ásqap
younger bro/younger mal	e cuz (males, address him as)	'ácqa
younger sister/younger fe	emale cousin (males, refer to her as)	qánis
younger sis/younger fema	ale cuz (males, address her as)	qáni
older/younger, sister/fem	ale cousin (males & females, refer to her as)	péhet

older/younger, sister/female cousin (males, address her as)		'éeks
Mother	(refer to her as)	pîke
Mom	(address her as)	'iice'
Maternal grandpa	(refer to him as)	piláqa'c
Maternal grandpa	(address him as)	piláqa'
Maternal grandma	(refer to her as)	qáaca'c
Maternal grandma	(address her as)	qáaca'
Maternal uncle	(refer to him as)	pîitâ
Maternal uncle	(address him as)	táqa'
Maternal aunt	(refer to her as)	péeqex
Maternal aunt	(address her as)	qéeqe'
older sister/older female cousin (males & females, refer to her as)		péhet
older sis/older female cuz (males & females, address her as)		néene'
younger brother/younger male cousin (females, refer to him as)		péekt
younger bro/younger male cuz (females, address him as)		nîpe
younger sister/younger female cousin (females, refer to her as)		'ácip
younger sis/younger female cuz (females, address her as)		'áyi

na'tóot My father Your father 'i'mtóot My paternal grandpa na'qalác 'i'mqalác Your paternal grandpa ne'él My paternal grandma 'i'méel Your paternal grandma My paternal uncle ne'méx 'i'mméŵ Your paternal uncle na'ciic My paternal aunt 'i'msiis Your paternal aunt My older brother/My older male cousin (males & females both use this word) na'yáac Your older brother/your older male cousin (males & females both use this word) 'i'myáac 'in'másqap My younger brother/My younger male cousin (males use this word) Your younger brother/Your younger male cousin (males use this word) 'i'másqap My younger sister/My younger female cousin (males use this word) 'inimqánis Your younger sis/Your younger female cuz (males use this word) 'imqánis or 'imimqánis 'inméeks My older sister/My older female cousin (males use this word) 'iméeks Your older sister/Your older female cousin (males use this word)

My mom ne	e'iic
Your mom 'i'n	nîis
My maternal grandpa na'p	láŝ
Your maternal grandpa 'ip	láx
My maternal grandma na'qa	áac
Your maternal grandma 'i'mq	áas
My maternal uncle na'	'tá î
Your maternal uncle 'i'm	ıtáx
My maternal aunt ne'q	éeŝ
Your maternal aunt 'i'mq	éeâ
My older sister/My older female cousin (males & females both use this word) ne	'nic
Your older sister/Your older female cousin (males& females both use this word) 'i'r	mnis
My younger brother/My younger male cousin (females use this word)'inip	ekt
Your younger brother/Your younger male cousin (females use this word) 'ipo	éekt
My younger sister/My younger female cousin (females use this word) 'in'ma	ácip
Your younger sister/your younger female cousin (females use this word)'i'm	ácip

Wildlife

(Sources: Nez Perce Elders and H. Aoki Nez Perce Distionary 1994.)

Ungulates

1.	black-tailed doe	ye ^z emes
2.	'buffalo'	qoq'áal î

13.	'yearling fawn'	mu'pc
19.	ycaring rawn	mu pc

Rodents and kin

1. 'beaver'	táxcpol
-------------	---------

_		,
2.	'chipmunk'	macqoy

8.	'rabbit' (cottontail)	héey'uxc
		•
9.	'rat'	wisii
10.	'tree squirrel'	cílmi
Carnivo	<u>res</u>	
1.	'badger'	si̇́iki'
2.	'black bear'	yáaka'
3.	'bobcat'	qéhep
4.	'cougar'	k'oy'am'á
5.	'coyote'	'iceyéeye
6.	'fox'	tilípe'
7.	'grizzly bear'	x áxaac
8.	'otter'	qiláasx̂
9.	'raccoon'	k'ayk'áyoc
10.	'skunk'	tísqe'
11.	'weasel'	c'ititee
12.	'wildcat,' 'lynx'	wípwip
13.	'wolf'	hĺmiin
Payóopayoo/birds		
1. 'bald	eagle'	saqantáayx
2. 'barn	owl'	k'apk'ápno
		,

<u>Pa</u>

1. 'bald eagle'	saqantáayx
2. 'barn owl'	k'apk'ápno
3. 'bat'	'úuc'uc
4. 'blackbird'	q'ósq'os
5. 'blue grouse'	tuy'é
6. 'burrowing owl'	papóo

1.	'Canadian goose'	yáay'ax
2.	'crow'	'áa'a
3.	'golden eagle'	wéeptes
4.	'grouse' (sharp tailed)	q'áx̂no
5.	'hummingbird'	taamámno
6.	'killdeer'	ciyiititit
7.	'kingfisher'	t'ulúulux
8.	'magpie'	'éek'ex
9.	'meadowlark'	qócqoc
10.	'mourning dove'	wiitel'u
11.	'osprey'	sáaxsax
12.	'owl' (perhaps a horned owl)	pal xóockin '
13.	'raven'	qóoqoŝ
14.	'red-tailed hawk'	qáya
15.	'robin'	wiispoxpox
16.	'screech owl'	saŝlatámo
17.	'duck' (Oops! This was read as 'suck' on the CD because of a ty	po, but it is now corrected.) qéetqet
18.	'swan'	wetyétmes
19.	'turkey'	siitiin
20.	'water ouzel', 'dipper bird'	máam'ac q'óoq'ox

<u>Insects</u>:

1. Ant	támsoy
2. Flea,	háaslam
3. Fly: house fly	cîilyex
4. Fly: deer fly, gnat, (Oops! gnat was first read on the CD as "not", but it sounds like "nat" and not "not".)	cîilyexciilyex
5. Fly: elk fly,	lexluyléxluy
6. Fly: horsefly,	lé x luy
7. Gnat,	tiptip
8. Grasshopper,	qéhel
9. Grasshopper, big	c'ixc'ikîl'es
10. Grasshopper, "locust"	t'éxt'ex
11. Insect:something that is "between worm and insect". A bug in dried meat EPW	/. k'álk'al
12. Beetle (EPW, hornet HW,)	t'iit'inu
13. Leech,	wîixwiix
14. Louse:body louse,	pipéex
15. Louse: head louse,	pîle
16. Maggot,	móoła'
17. Mosquito,	wáawa
18. Mosquito,	sipéetiptip
19. Mosquito,	hawáawa
20. Nerve-winged insect (HW)	kiyéwkiyew
21. No-see-ums	hexnéey'hexney'
22. Snail,	q'alapóoya
23. Beetle, a very small kind of scarabs,	"piticin"
24. "Snail",	"talacîtit"
25. spider	x elxelúuye
26. tick: wood tick,	pîsî
27. Worm (white color with a large head)	séhey
28. Bumblebee	qaasi'
29. Yellow jacket	'alatálo
30. Butterfly	łéepłep
31. Cricket, black,	cálxcalx
32. Cricket, large and green cricket,	saaxáxano
33. Daddy longleg	wayac'aynwáayac'ayn

Fish/other aquatics:

1. 'blueback salmon', 'sockeye salmon' q'oyxc

2. 'brook trout' **piickatyo**

3. 'chinook salmon' nacó'\$\hat{x}\$

4. 'eel' **héesu**

5. 'river sucker' múq'uc

6. 'stealhead' **héeyey**

7. 'sturgeon' **qʻiilex**

Reptiles:

1. 'lizard' tadpole, alligator 'ap'ap'áap'ap

2. 'rattlesnake' wéexpus

3. 'snake' páayos

4. 'turtle' 'aacix

Domestic animals:

1. 'cat' pícpic

2. 'dog' ciq'áamqal

3. 'horse' sik'em

4. 'monkey,' 'ape' picqu'yet

5. 'mule' **mólaa**

6. 'pig' hoq'hóoq'

Earth Terms & Plant Names

Earth Terms:

cloud/sky 'ipelîikt earth/land/ground wéetes 'áala fire

lake, pond, bay, "ocean" 'iwéetem mountain méexsem 'eteyéekuus ocean

pîik'un river

qocqócnim niickaw' shooting star (Dodecatheon jeffreyi)

sky (HW -firmament-The vault or expanse of the heavens; the sky.) 'ilskáwt

xic'iyu star

hîisemtuks sun/moon

kúus water

Plants:

patóosway balsam fir

yéey'e bear grass Xerophyllum tenax łit'áan bitterroot céeget blackberry

'iceyéeyenm sîlu buttercup western Ranunculus occidentalis

'istis cactus, plains pricklypear

gém'es camas

cawiitx carrot, wild carrot

tók'o cattail, tule Typha latifolia 'iic'is celery, indian celery

celery, wild wew'iimn

qápqap cottonwood tree

qawsqáws cous cous medecine root

lagáptat cous, biscuit root

qáamsit cous, fresh

qáaws cous, peeled and dried

dogwood, willow p'ip'láac

douglas fir páaps flower láatis

pik'umtiin grape

grape, oregon q'iq'étq'iq'et

grass c'îxc'ix hail téemul

hay, timothy; phleum pratense timeti

indian hemp qéemu

lodgepole pine qalámqalam

mint some sort of mint that grows along the river heqéeqe

moss green dry moss on rocks 'aláaxos

moss on water **x̂éxus**

moss pine tree moss **hóopop**

mountain tea (Labrador)*Ledum glandulosum* **pîsqu** mushroom, a kind of **lîlps**

mushroom, bracket fungus on cottonwood trees **hîp'ew**

mushroom, cream or white in color **téhet**

mushroom, poisonous (HW), toadstool **pe'túuqes**

nettles, *Urtica Iyallil* wet'etwéet'et

oak, poison oak q'alamtitq'á
peppermint tiwantiiwan

peppermint tiwantiiwa pine mountain white pine pinus monticola séeysey

pine ponderosa pinus ponderosa láaqa

rose táamsas

sage river sage heqéeqe

sagebrush **qémqem**

sunflower **páasx**

syringa, mock orange *Philadelphus lewisii* siséeqiy

tamarack, western larch larix occidentalis kimîle

thistle, canadian thisle, fir needle cîckax

thistle, elk Cirsium scariosum **tîtux**

tree **tewliikt**

waterlilyn, Nuphar sáaslaqs

weed that grows in wet meadows, about three feet tall **táaqo'**

weed lexléeqs

wild tobacco, kinnickinick hotóoto

willow Salix táxs

yarrow, western wapalwáapal